Case Study

GreenPlan Mulranny

2015-2025

From small wins to big change: Mulranny's community-led green hub for decarbonization.





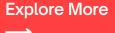














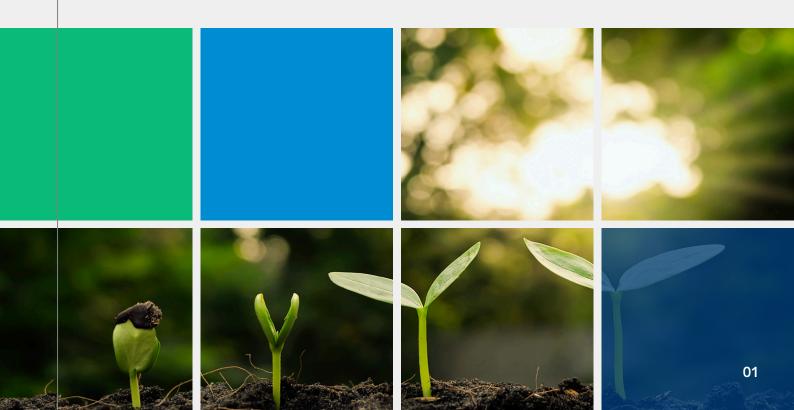
Status

Active / Ongoing (2015-present).

GreenPlan Mulranny turned a small, volunteer-run tourist office into a public "green hub" for the whole village—swapping bulbs, cutting bills, refilling water bottles, charging e-bikes from solar, and showing live energy on a screen. From those visible wins, the team built a community energy project pipeline and helped set the stage for Mulranny's Decarbonising Zone.

Overview (Key Info)

- Start: 2015 (first GreenPlan village in Ireland).
- Lead: Mulranny GreenPlan Group (Chair: Carol Loftus).
- Where: Mulranny, Co. Mayo (Tourist Office = GreenPlan HQ).
- **Focus**: Energy, Water, Waste, Biodiversity, Transport, Procurement, Society (7 GreenPlan themes).
- Headline results: ~75% CO₂ cut at the Tourist Office (year 1); 2,237 plastic bottles avoided by May 2022; Ireland's first community e-bike scheme (solar-charged).
- Pipeline: Joined SEAI's Sustainable Energy Community Network, completed an Energy Master Plan, ran 15 BER assessments, and built a register of opportunities.
- **Policy link:** Locally cited as a key step toward Mulranny becoming Mayo's Decarbonising Zone.





Origins & Rationale

- Where GreenPlan comes from. The GreenPlan is a behavioural-change method developed by firefighter Neil McCabe at Kilbarrack Fire Station in Dublin—known as the world's first carbon-neutral fire station. It is structured around seven key themes: Energy, Water, Waste, Biodiversity, Transport, Procurement, and Society, and focuses on low-cost, measurable actions within each.
- Why Mulranny picked it. Mulranny adopted the GreenPlan in 2015, inspired both by this model and a study visit to Germany, where community-led energy initiatives and practical solutions like biomass left a strong impression on local leaders. The Tourist Office became the GreenPlan HQ, and the community began with simple, visible actions—like organising Ireland's first community low-energy lightbulb swap (150 bulbs), designed to get people thinking about energy use in their daily lives.

Implementation Process (what was done)

- **Set-up (2015):** community letter, open invite, GreenPlan HQ at the Tourist Office; action list per theme.
- Quick wins in public: Low-energy lights, insulation, water butts/aerators, WEEE & battery collections, book reuse, insect hotel/nest boxes, rhododendron biofuel, Food Drop Box, free minibus to Ballycroy.
- Community learning: Greener Energy Showcase Day with Mayo County Council & suppliers (practical retrofit tips, grants, demo unit).
- From demos to pipeline: Sustainable Energy Community onboarding → Energy Master Plan → 15 Building Energy Ratings → register of opportunities (fabric-first → renewables).
- Visible low-carbon services: Mayo's first water bottlerefill station (with live bottle-savings) and Ireland's first community e-bike scheme (solar-charged; free e-bike charging on the Greenway).

Key actions & interventions (by theme)

- Energy: Insulation (walls/attic), full low-energy light conversion; later solar panels + battery with lobby screen showing live generation/usage.
- Water: Water butts & aerators at HQ; county's first water bottle refill station with an app that counts bottles avoided.
- Waste & circularity: Battery & WEEE collections, composting, book reuse; "Cleaning Naturally" non-toxic products.
- Biodiversity: Insect hotel, nest boxes, and rhododendron as biofuel (heat without coal).
- Transport: Free minibus to Ballycroy National Park (shared trips); later community e-bike scheme (solar-charged; free e-bike sockets).
- Society: Food Drop Box (from holiday homes → to food charities); letter inviting visitors to join.
- **Procurement:** Recycled paper, eco-cleaners, bulk-buy where possible; "think green" for all purchases.

Results & impact

- **HQ decarbonised fast:** ~**70–75**% footprint reduction at the Tourist Office in year 1 (low-energy lighting and invasive Rhododendron wood for biofuel).
- Refill habits normalised: 2,237 plastic bottles avoided by May 2022 at Mayo's first water bottle refill station..
- Mobility shift, visibly local: First community e-bike scheme in Ireland (3 bikes, solar-charged; free public e-bike sockets).
- From demos to pipeline: Sustainable Energy Community support, Energy
 Master Plan, 15 BERs, and a sequenced register of opportunities (fabric first
 → renewables).
- Reputation & policy knock-on: Cited locally as a stepping-stone to Mulranny's Decarbonising Zone designation.



"When tourists come in, they can actually see the energy being generated."

Early Value & What Worked

- Small, graspable actions in a public hub (swap 150 low-energy bulbs; water bottle refill station with live counter; WEEE/book swaps) created fast buy-in.
- A visible "service layer" (water bottle refill station, solar e-bike charging) turned decarbonisation into something residents and visitors actually use.

Where it stalled / challenges

Volunteer capacity & funding cycles across years;



Restart/scale conditions

- Retrofit delivery: SEAI clinics/one-stop for home upgrades; solar meitheals; simple Request For Proposal packs for works (all flagged in the Decarbonising Zone action set).
- **Keep the hub "alive"**: with live solar display, e-bike booking/availability, recurring retrofit & mobility events.

Insights & lessons

- Visible hubs change behaviour. Put quick wins where people already come (water bottle refill station, lowenergy lighting bulb swaps, e-bike charging) and a live energy generation display.
- Sequence the energy journey. SEC → EMP → BERs → opportunity register beats random acts and unlocks grants
- Use local problems as resources. Rhododendron as biofuel is low-cost and place-based.
- Blend social + climate benefits. The Food Drop Box ties waste reduction to community care.

"You don't have to build a wind farm to start. Do small things —and go for it."

Link to climate action & Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)s

SDG 13 (Climate Action): rapid operational decarbonisation; DZ stepping-stone.

SDG 12 (Responsible Consumption): water bottle refill station, swaps,

WEEE/battery collections, green procurement.

SDG 11 (Sustainable Communities): e-bikes, minibus to NP, walk/cycle messaging.

SDG 15 (Life on Land): insect hotel, nest boxes; invasive rhododendron managed as fuel.

SDG 17 (Partnerships): SEAI mentors, Mayo County Council, LEADER support.





































THE GLOBAL GOALS

Replication notes (what another community would need)

- **Pick a public hub** (library/community centre/tourist office) and concentrate on quick wins there (low energy lighting, water bottle refill station with counter, WEEE/battery/book swaps, e-bike sockets).
- Start your pipeline: form Sustainable Energy Community, commission an Energy Master Plan, do 10–20 Building Energy Ratings, build a register of opportunities (fabric-first → solar panels/heat pumps).
- Add one signature mobility win (community e-bike or a shared shuttle).
- Tell a simple story people can repeat (why this hub, these actions, how to join).

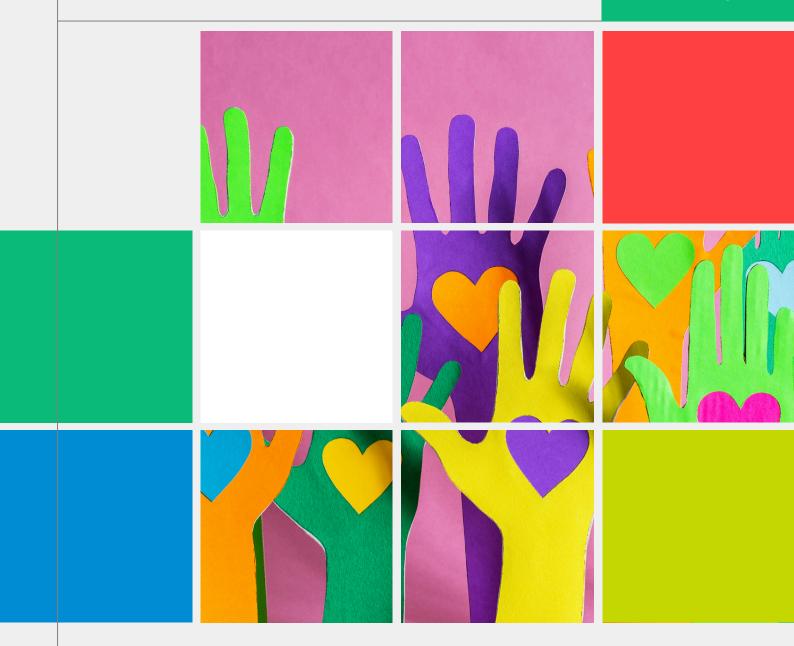
Endnotes

- [1] Community launch materials and public invite.
- [2] SEAI 180 Degrees Podcast, S2 Ep5: Becoming a Sustainable Energy Community, seai.ie/podcast/season-2
- [3] SEAI Blog Making a difference in Mulranny, seai.ie/blog/a-difference-in-mulranny
- [4] Mayo County Council Mayo's Decarbonising Zone, <u>mayo.ie/.../mayo-s-decarbonising-zone</u>
- [5] Mulranny Towards 2030 DZ Huddle Report (20 Feb 2025)

Photo credits:

Promenade view © Ruth Merkli; Tourist Information point © Buddila Wijeyesekera.





Get Involved. Take action.

If you're inspired to contribute to this initiative—or to start something similar—use the contacts below to get started:

- Mulranny Community Futures Mulranny, Co. Mayo
- mulrannycommunityfutures@gmail.com
- mulrannycommunityfutures.com

This case study, highlighting Irish community-driven solutions to environmental challenges, was developed through Connected—a project funded by the Community Climate Action Programme: Climate Education, Capacity Building and Learning by Doing (CCAP – Strand 2), supported by the Government of Ireland through the Department of the Environment, Climate and Communications, and coordinated by the University of Galway.

For more details, visit **climateconnected.ie** or contact **a.alexandrov1@universityofgalway.ie**